The importance of economic reforms in the modernization and development of the livestock sector

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Abstract: This article describes the state of the livestock sector in the country, development trends, its importance in the economy, the process of modernization, factors to increase efficiency, the opportunities created, the importance of the adopted reforms.

Keywords: agriculture, modernization, animal husbandry, fodder base, cattle breeding, sheep breeding, poultry farming, fisheries, beekeeping, pedigree and pedigree livestock, soft loans, subsidies

INTRODUCTION
The Republic of Uzbekistan has extensive experience in the agricultural sector, and based on modern and international experience, one of the important tasks is to modernize the economy, liberalize, implement reforms in the livestock sector and create opportunities.

As the President said: “The purpose of agricultural reforms is to ensure economic security, as well as food security and increase the welfare of the people. We must never forget that”[1]

Uzbekistan is one of the ancient centers of animal husbandry. The soil and natural-climatic conditions of the republic are fertile irrigated lands, vast hills, steppes and foothills, which are very favorable for the development of animal husbandry. Livestock is one of the most important sectors of agriculture. It serves as a source of animal protein, which is very important for human needs - milk, meat, eggs, honey, fish, as a raw material for industrial production, processing industry.

President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Sh. Mirziyoyev's decision No. PQ-5017 of March 3, 2021 “On additional measures for further state support of the livestock sector.” The main purpose of this decision is to ensure the sustainable supply of meat, milk, eggs and other livestock products in the domestic consumer market, expand the fodder base of livestock, poultry and fisheries, increase the production of competitive products in domestic and foreign markets.

It is known that as a result of economic reforms and structural changes and diversification in the livestock sector, the number of livestock has increased in recent years, the share of the livestock sector in gross agricultural output As a result, livestock production has been growing in recent years.

REVIEW OF THE LITERATURE ON THE SUBJECT
The issue of increasing the efficiency of the livestock sector and its various products has been studied in detail by domestic and foreign agro-economists. In particular, scientists of our country N.S Bazarov, U.I Isanov, T.S Mallaboev, S. Mekhmanov, K.D Mirzaev, T. Omarov, J.H Rashidov, R. Khakimov, T. Kudratov23 In order to meet the demand of the population for livestock products in Uzbekistan, proposals have been developed to increase livestock production and increase its efficiency.

Also, the proposals and recommendations developed as a result of research conducted by foreign scientists G.A Avanesova, I.A Altukhin, V.I Gayduk, F. Kotler, P.G Jennings24 are a service for the livestock sector. It serves as an important theoretical and methodological guide in the development of services, increasing production and increasing the efficiency of the network.

ANALYSIS AND RESULTS
As a result of economic reforms from January 1, 2021 to January 1, 2024 for breeding entities on their main type of activity (excluding interest on funds placed in commercial banks), property tax, land tax and water use tax rate of 50% applied.[2]

The State Committee for Veterinary and Livestock Development and the Ministry of Economic Development and Poverty Reduction have made a number of proposals for livestock development, including:

- Establishment of the Department of Poultry and Rabbit Development in the structure of the central office of the Agency "Uzbekchorvanasli", consisting of 5 state units, and the introduction of the position of Deputy Director for Development;

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Livestock differs from crop production in that it is less dependent on natural-climatic conditions. Therefore, in animal husbandry, fixed and circulating production resources, labor resources are used evenly throughout the year, and there is a profit from the sale of products throughout the year. Livestock includes dairy and meat farming, poultry, pig, sheep, fishing, beekeeping, horse breeding, fur and other industries. Livestock is widespread in the country and our people have a high level of experience. The diversity of natural and economic conditions makes it possible to distinguish different species in the composition and proportions of different livestock.

The choice of livestock system is influenced by a number of factors, such as the location of the agricultural enterprise, the composition and proportion of fodder crops, labor supply, the degree of mechanization of work, the state of livestock markets. The development and location of the livestock sector should be designed to meet the demand of the population for livestock products, the rational use of production resources, especially feed and labor. Livestock production needs to be developed on the basis of intensification in all regions of the country, increasing livestock productivity.

According to the Resolution of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated January 29, 2020 “On additional measures of state support of the livestock sector” PP-4576, accelerated development of the livestock sector, introduction of modern and innovative methods, increasing production and diversification, the
implementation of measures to ensure the uninterrupted supply of the population with quality and affordable livestock products produced locally, as well as the state support of enterprises specializing in animal husbandry. In particular, the Uzbekchorvansal agency, the Uzbekbalkisanoat association and the Parrandasaanoat association have important tasks. [5]

It is known that agriculture, along with providing the consumer market with food products, also plays a significant role in the country's economy. The products grown in the agricultural sector serve to meet the needs of the population, provide industry with raw materials and strengthen the fodder base of livestock.

CONCLUSIONS AND SUGGESTIONS

Rapid development of the livestock sector plays an important role in providing our people with cheap and quality meat and other food products, especially in increasing employment and income of citizens living in rural areas. The current state of affairs in the regions requires the implementation of specific comprehensive measures to support enterprises in this sector, increase the fodder base, improve breeding, including the development of artificial insemination and strengthen the material and technical base of breeding farms.

The Ministers of the Republic of Karakalpakstan in order to fully support the entrepreneurial initiatives of our people in the development of animal husbandry, the widespread introduction of scientific approaches and advanced technologies in this area, further stimulate the production and processing of import-substituting and export-oriented livestock products. Council, regional khokimiyats, the State Committee for Land Resources, Geodesy, Cartography and State Cadastre of the Republic of Uzbekistan and The proposal of the Ministry of Agriculture to allocate arable and pasture lands in the reserves of district khokimiyats to livestock farms and other agricultural enterprises with the obligation to grow food crops, to introduce drip and rain irrigation technology will certainly be implemented.

As stated in the Resolution of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated January 29, 2020 No 4576 "On additional measures of state support of the livestock sector", as a result of the establishment of the Republican Council for Livestock and its industries, state and economic management bodies, local authorities, ensures the interaction of enterprises of the livestock processing industry and business entities engaged in livestock activities. In particular, it is important to provide compensation or a guarantee of 50% of the loan amount for loans up to 20 billion soums allocated by commercial banks for livestock, poultry, fisheries and rabbit projects.

In addition, in 2020-2022, the state will provide subsidies in the following order:

Livestock farms:
- 1 million soums for each head of cattle purchased from breeding farms operating in the country;
- Subsidies in the amount of 2 million soums per head of pedigree cattle imported from foreign countries, 400 thousand soums per head of breeding sheep and goats.

Representatives of all sectors should make proposals on their own initiative for the consistent implementation of the tasks adopted by the Cabinet of Ministers in the "National Program for Food Security 2019-2024."

Shortcomings in the development of animal husbandry include the fact that fodder areas for livestock are not allocated in proportion to the number of livestock, low yields of fodder crops, breeding is not organized at the required level and comprehensive veterinary services are not provided in a timely manner.

Achieving sufficient knowledge of specialists and perfect mastery of technologies to eliminate the shortcomings identified in the analysis; creating opportunities for awareness of modern production and innovation methods; development of training and retraining programs for farmers, strengthening cooperation with the Ministry of Innovation; meeting the demand for veterinary services for livestock farms; We offer proposals such as increasing the productivity of livestock, providing appropriate scientific advice and assistance in improving the quality of livestock products, as well as achieving an adequate fodder base.

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